

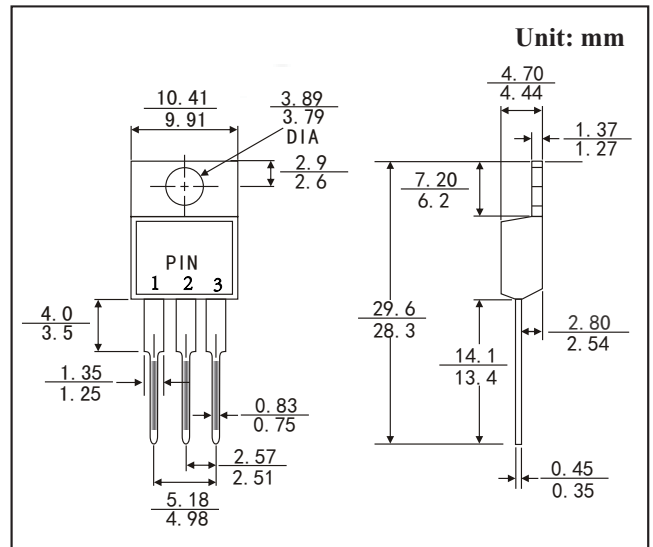
## TO-220AB PLASTIC SILICON RECTIFIERS

### FEATURES

- Low forward voltage drop
- Single rectifier construction
- High surge capability
- For use in low voltage ,high frequency inverters, free wheeling ,and polarity protection applications
- High temperature soldering guaranteed:260 C/10 seconds, 0.25"(6.35mm)from case
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC

### MECHANICAL DATA

- Case style:TO-220AB molded plastic
- Mounting position:any



### MAXIMUM RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C Ambient Temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	Symbols	MURF 1620CT	MURF 1640CT	MURF 1660CT	Units
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage	V <sub>RRM</sub>	200	400	600	Volts
Maximum RMS voltage	V <sub>RMS</sub>	140	280	420	Volts
Maximum DC blocking voltage	V <sub>DC</sub>	200	400	600	Volts
Maximum average forward rectified current(see Fig.1)	Per leg	8.0			Amps
	Total device				
Peak forward surge current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)	I <sub>FSM</sub>	100			Amps
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage at 10.0 A(Note 1 )	V <sub>F</sub>	0.975	1.3	1.7	Volts
Maximum instantaneous reverse current at rated DC blocking voltage(Note 1)	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	5	10		uA
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	500			
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time (Note 2)	T <sub>rr</sub>	35			ns
Typical thermal resistance (Note 3)	R <sub>θJC</sub>	3.0			°C/W
Operating junction temperature range	T <sub>J</sub>	-65 to +175			°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 to +175			°C

- Notes: 1. Pulse test: 300μs pulse width, 1% duty cycle  
 2. Reverse recovery test conditions I<sub>F</sub>=0.5A, I<sub>R</sub>=1.0A, I<sub>rr</sub>=0.25A  
 3. Thermal resistance from junction to case

## RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

FIG.1-FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

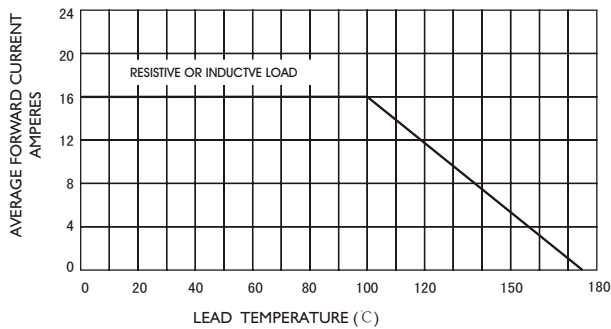


FIG.2-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

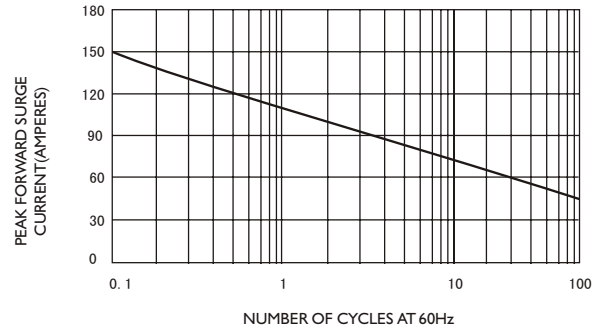


FIG.3-TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

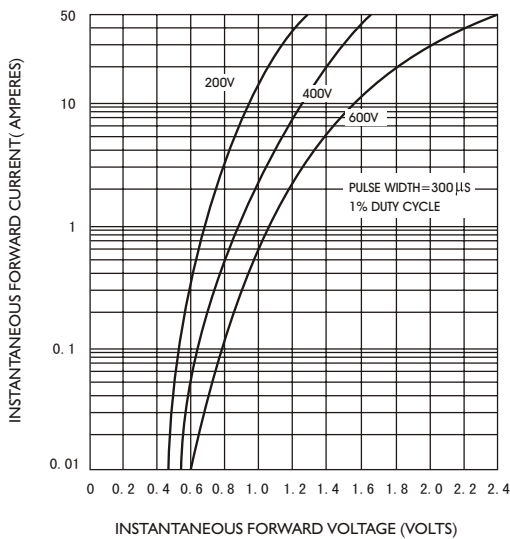


FIG.4-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

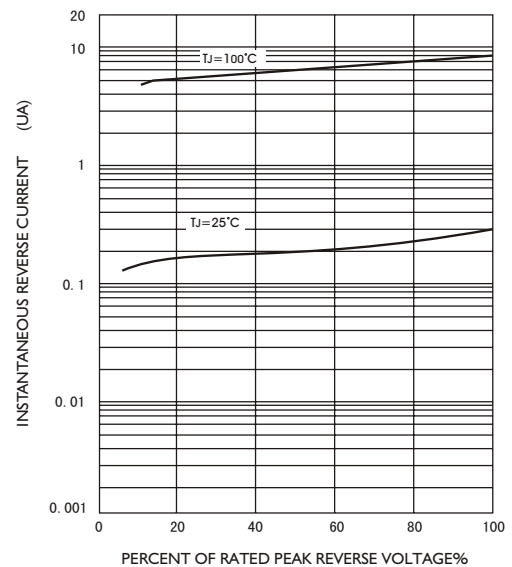


FIG.5-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

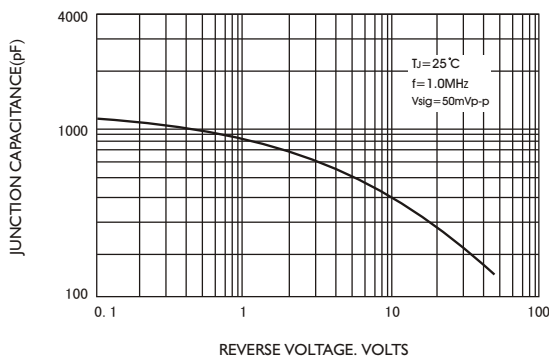


FIG.6-TYPICAL TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

